



Enhancing Governance, Management and Reform in Sri Lankan Universities through Non-Academic Staff Training (ENACT)

Non-Academic Staff Training and Development Strategy 2025–2027 Sri Lanka Technology Campus (SLTC)

1. Objectives

The objective of this strategy is to establish a long-term vision and actionable plan for the systematic training and development of non-academic staff, aimed at enhancing overall university performance. This strategy seeks to integrate capacity-building initiatives into all levels of SLTC's operations, ensuring alignment with the institution's strategic goals. The specific objectives include:

- Building competencies and professional skills for improved operational efficiency.
- Fostering a culture of continuous learning and career progression.
- Enhancing communication, teamwork, and resilience in the non-academic workforce.
- Encouraging knowledge-sharing and strengthening stakeholder relationships for organizational growth.
- Ensuring compliance with best practices and operational standards through process documentation and auditing.

2. Current Inefficiencies and Gaps in Non-Academic Processes and Systems at the University

- Poor Communication: Ineffective communication channels hinder collaboration and ideasharing. There is a lack of structured platforms for addressing staff-related concerns.
- Undefined Processes: Key operational processes are not standardized, leading to inconsistency across departments and inefficiency in day-to-day tasks.
- Limited Career Development: There are insufficient funding and career development opportunities, with many staff members facing challenges in terms of career progression.
- Resistance to Change: Some staff show resistance to new methods or changes, creating obstacles to the adoption of new processes and systems.
- Lack of KPIs: Performance indicators for non-academic staff are not clearly defined, impacting motivation and accountability.

3. Feasible Future Improvements, Measures, and Actions for Overcoming These Gaps and Deficiencies





- **Structured Mentoring Program**: Based on the strategic objective, introduce a compulsory mentoring program for administrative staff. This will involve senior staff and other internal resource persons to ensure structured guidance and foster professional growth.
- **Short Courses and Training**: Develop a curated set of short courses, both technical and soft-skill focused, to enhance competencies. These will be delivered by internal experts and may include industry-relevant skills and compliance training.
- **Process Standardization**: Develop and implement comprehensive process manuals for each department, standardizing operations across campus and ensuring consistency.
- **Performance-Based Appraisals**: Implement performance-based appraisal systems to motivate staff, recognize achievements, and drive accountability. This system will be based on clear KPIs for all staff.
- **Internal Auditing Mechanism**: Introduce an internal auditing system to evaluate staff performance, ensure compliance, and foster continuous improvement.
- **Open Communication Platform**: Establish an open communication platform for monthly meetings to discuss staff-related concerns, offer feedback, and encourage inclusivity and transparency.

4. Priority Areas for Training and Feasible Training Options

- **Internationalization for Higher Education**: Building expertise to implement internationalization strategies and manage global collaborations.
- **Project Management**: Strengthening skills in project costing, budgeting, financing, and resource management for institutional initiatives.
- **Mobility Management**: Enhancing capacities to administer and support student and staff exchange programs effectively.
- **Communication Skills**: Focused training to improve internal communication, collaboration, and idea-sharing.
- **Resilience and Change Management**: Courses to address resistance to change and build resilience among non-academic staff.

5. Key Target Groups for Different Types of Training and Professional Development

- New and Entry-level Staff: Induction training on university policies, soft skills, and role-specific skills.
- Mid-level Staff: Leadership development, process management, and specialized training for departmental functions.
- Senior Staff and Mentors: Advanced leadership and mentoring programs to enhance team management and succession planning.
- All Non-Academic Staff: Communication workshops, change management, and resilience-building sessions.

6. Analysis of Available Resources to Implement the Strategy





- Internal Resources: SLTC's faculty and senior staff have the expertise to deliver training programs. Existing facilities such as classrooms and online platforms can be leveraged for training delivery.
- **External Resources**: Collaboration with ENACT project partners and external consultants will provide access to expertise and best practices. Additionally, SLTC can explore grants and funding opportunities for staff development.
- **Human Capital**: Senior administrative staff will lead mentoring, while the HR department and NASDC will coordinate program implementation.

7. Leadership for Implementing the Strategy

- Strategic Oversight: The Vice-Chancellor, COO, and Council will oversee implementation, ensuring alignment with SLTC's strategic goals.
- Operational Leadership: The NASDC, supported by the HR Department, will lead the planning, execution, and monitoring of training initiatives.
- Collaboration with Key Stakeholders: The Non-Academic Staff Development Committee (SDC)
 will work collaboratively with HR and departmental heads to ensure effective execution and
 strategic alignment.

8. Management of the Implementation of the Strategy

- Planning and Coordination: The NASDC will design and coordinate training programs, with input from HR and departmental heads.
- Feedback Mechanisms: Regular feedback from staff and supervisors will inform continuous adjustments to the training programs.
- Reporting and Accountability: Regular progress reports will be submitted to the Council and Vice-Chancellor through the COO, providing updates on staff development activities and results.

9. Stakeholder Analysis

- Internal Stakeholders: Non-academic staff, Academic Staff Members, HR department, administrative heads and senior management.
- External Stakeholders: ENACT project partners, training providers, Ministry of Higher Education (MOHE), and educational/non-educational organizations for collaborative training.

10. Expected Impact

• Improved Competencies and Operational Efficiency: With enhanced training and standardized processes, non-academic staff will perform more efficiently and contribute to better institutional outcomes.





- **Increased Staff Motivation and Retention**: Clear career development opportunities, performance-based appraisals, and a positive working environment will motivate staff and reduce turnover.
- **Stronger Organizational Culture**: A culture of open communication, knowledge sharing, and continuous improvement will strengthen SLTC's internal cohesion and overall performance.

11. Risks and Their Mitigation/Avoidance

- **Risk 1:** Resistance to Change: Some staff may resist new processes or performance appraisals.
 - Mitigation: Offer change management workshops, involve staff in the design of new systems, and highlight the benefits of these changes for both personal and institutional growth.
- **Risk 2:** Insufficient Resources: Financial or human resources may be limited for the delivery of extensive training programs.
 - Mitigation: Leverage external partnerships, use available grants, and adopt a phased implementation approach to optimize resource allocation.
- **Risk 3:** High Staff Turnover: Competitors offering better incentives may lure SLTC's skilled employees.
 - Mitigation: Develop competitive incentives and ensure SLTC offers a positive work environment with growth opportunities.

12. SWOT Analysis

Strengths:

- o Strong team collaboration and resilience to change.
- Senior staff available for mentorship and knowledge transfer.
- o Access to internal and external networks for staff development.

Weaknesses:

- o Poor communication and lack of well-defined processes.
- o Insufficient career development opportunities and limited staff welfare.

• Opportunities:

- Access to Ministry of Higher Education training programs and external partnerships.
- Investor interest in people development and industry growth in the educational sector.

Threats:

- Political and economic instability.
- o Migration of skilled employees and competition for talent from other institutions.

13. Monitoring and Evaluation Mechanisms





- Annual Reviews: The NASDC will conduct annual reviews of training programs, collecting feedback from participants to assess program effectiveness.
- KPIs and Performance Metrics: Develop specific KPIs to monitor the success of staff development initiatives and track progress toward strategic objectives.
- Feedback and Surveys: Post-training surveys will gather feedback from participants to evaluate the quality of the training sessions and identify areas for improvement.

14. Baseline Data for Future Evaluation

- Collect data on current competencies, performance levels, and staff satisfaction to serve as a baseline for future evaluations.
- Monitor the implementation of training programs and gather data to assess the impact on staff performance, career progression, and institutional outcomes.